Whereas the comon practile (in Craposition for Church Songs, Madrigalls, Pastoralls, Ballads, &c.) charactereth this Diminution with denigrated Notes, and the Outward signe by the Ternary Number thus:

They seeme to drawe their Reasons (as some Masters have affirm'd) from the 3. swift seete in Poetry, Trockaus, Iambus and Tribrachius, in regard of the Wotes that are Diminished.

But then why it should bee apply'd more to this Diminution then to the Perfect Prolation I see no Reason at all; by cause how e're the Tact of this Diminution be of a swifter Motion, yet the Measures are all one in the dividing of the Semi-breue, according to those feete. As 1. Trochaus, which is one long and the other short, a Semi-breue and a Minime. 2. for lambus, which by way of Resort to the former is one short and the other long, a Minime and a Semi-breue. 3. for Tribrachius, which is three short, the Semi-breue diuided into 3. Minimes; which division (say they) pertaines only to the Diminution and not to the Perfect Prolation; How beit many meane Practitioners are able to contrary that, and they who aright understand Poetry, and Musicke shall be ludges, who knowe the Measure to be eall one, and the differences of the Motion to bee according to each Rule, or according to the discretion of them that Sing, or Reade them.

But the matter here we chiefly stand vpon is, that the Ternary Number ought vtterly to be reiested, as having no manner of interest either in the Perfect Prolation, or the Diminutions theros: The Perfect Prolation we spake of before; and now for the Diminution thus I say, that if by their Trechaick reason they will bring this Ternary Number in, to signific