were attached to plentiful and splendid tables; and the fame is observed by Harrison. As to the Normans, both William I. and Rusus made grand entertainments z; the former was remarkable for an immense paunch, and withal was so exact, so nice and curious in his repasts z, that when his prime favourite William Fitz-Osberne, who as steward of the household had the charge of the Cury, served him with the siesh of a crane scarcely half-roasted, he was so highly exasperated, that he listed up his sist, and would have strucken him, had not Eudo, appointed Dapiser immediately after, warded off the blow b.

Dapifer, by which is usually understood steward of the king's household c, was a high officer amongst the Normans; and Larderarius was another, clergymen

<sup>7</sup> Harrison, Descript. of Britain, p. 165, 166.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Stow, p. 102. 128.

Lord Lyttelton observes, that the Normans were delicate in their food, but without excess. Life of Hen. II. vol. III. p. 47.

b Dugd. Bar. I. p. 109. Henry II. ferved to his fon. Lord Lyttelton, IV. p. 298.

Godwin de Prasul. p. 695, renders Carver by Dapiser, but this I cannot approve. See Thoroton. p. 23. 28. Duyd. Bar. I. p. 441. 620. 109. Lib. Nig. p. 342. Kennet, Par. Ant. p. 119. And, to name no more, Spelm. in voce. The Carver was an officer inferior to the Dapiser, or Steward, and even under his control. Vide Lel. Collect. VI. p. 2. And yet I find Sir Walter Manny when young was carver to Philippa queen of king Edward III. Barnes Hist. of E. III. p. 111. The Steward had the name of Dapiser, I apprehend, from serving up the first dish. V. supra.